

|| e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2320-6710| www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 7.512| || Volume 9, Special Issue 2, October 2020 ||

3<sup>rd</sup> International Conference on Emerging Trends in Science, Technology and Mathematics [ICETSTM 2020]

18<sup>th</sup> September 2020

Organized by

Department of Computer Science, Parvathy's Arts and Science College, Dindigul, Tamilnadu, India

# **An Evaluation and Comparative Analysis of Software Testing Techniques and Tools**

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ABSTRACT: Software testing is executed throughout all phases of software development life cycle (SDLC). It is though time consuming, labor intensive and now becoming expensive due to the used of an automated tool system. Errors and defect detection in software are identifying using software techniques and tools. These techniques and tools are numerous and to improve on the software quality, there is the need to conduct a testing activity using a suitable technique so as to ascertained a product with an excellent quality features such as being; reliable, secure, efficient etc. In most cases, multiple automated techniques and tools are required to cover all the possible testing state, with the requirement of high skilled expertise, making it professional. The aim of this paper is to investigate on some kind of dynamic testing techniques (white, black and grey box) and automated tools (load, web and mobile) given their comparative and evaluation analysis based on an established criterion. The conclusion of this investigation has shown that choosing an appropriate techniques/tools increases test depth, software reliability and as well reduces their execution period with greater flexibility.

**KEY WORDS:** SDLC, techniques, tools, Proprietary Software Test Automation Tools (PSTAT), and Open Source Software Test Automation Tools (OSSTAT).

## **I.INTRODUCTION**

Software testing techniques is an approach adopted in testing for a particular software product throughout a software development life cycle (SDLC) [1]. According to software testing aids in defects/bugs detection during product execution and as well acts as an integral part of quality assurance. Most times, the products are validated against client's requirements by software developers in delivering a defect free product. In order to test for the software product appropriately, it is vital to determine the types of tests required and when it is needed to be performed. There are many ways of testing for a software product and incorrectly chosen a testing approach may result in a failure to detect number of errors or late errors detection.

Hence the needs to conduct a testing activity using a suitable technique so as to ascertained a product with the quality features such as being; reliable, secure, capable, efficient, portable, functional, reusable, manageable, maintainable etc. The ultimate aim of software development process is to produce high quality software which is defect-free. Bigger quality software has characteristics like high cost implication, consistent, user satisfactory and time efficiency. The basic software testing techniques are Dynamic white box, black box and grey box and Static Inspection, walkthrough, technical and informal reviews with each having its unique attribute and functionality.

Dynamic testing is an automated testing technique which is executed by a professional for proper analysis of the software dynamic relationship behavior. While Static techniques require no code and it is performed prior to code deployment for accurate code evaluation by a non-professional. Similarly, the testing tools are broadly categorized into Manual and Automated tools [2]. While Manual testing tools are executed manually by the developers with the use of a test plan, an automated testing tools is said to overcome the manual challenges. Hence, the exponential rise in the number of companies embracing and developing automated testing tools for series of applications.

Automated software is further sub-divided into Proprietary Software Test Automation Tools (PSTAT) which is licensed and otherwise known as commercial tool and Open Source Software Test Automation Tools (OSSTAT) which is free. This research work is aimed at investigating onto some popular software techniques black, white and grey box

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and automated tools test complete, Selenium, JMeter and Hpload runner and as well to carried out a comparative and evaluation analysis of both.

#### II. LEVELS OF TESTING

Testing techniques are used throughout the software development life cycle (SDLC) for developing a test case, detecting a fault, debugging an error and maintaining its reliability. There exist a numerous number of techniques, with each having its unique functions for sufficient test coverage. Combining two or more of these techniques is based on functional requirement that leads to the development of a qualitative and an error free software [3]. Basically, there are three types of testing techniques (Dynamic); Black box, white box and the grey box.

- a) Unit testing: It is a kind of white box testing otherwise referred to as components/module testing. It is the smallest testable part of an entire application that validate the functionality of a definite segment of code and as well satisfy the business requirements.
- b) Integration testing: It is a top-bottom approach with the code divided into an individual segment and tested as a group. The main task is to analyze parameters such as functional, performance and reliability requirements which are placed on major design items.

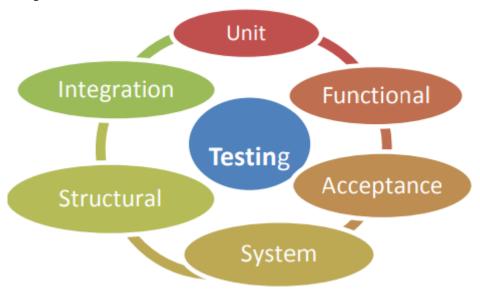


Fig. 1: LEVELS OF TESTING

- c) Functional testing: It can be referred as black-box testing. The testing is done by providing validate input and thus outcomes are observed accordingly. Functional testing will test the entire functionality of the system by comparing expected output with actual output.
- d) Structural testing (white box): It mainly focus on the internal design of the program like path coverage, statement coverage, control structure and program complexity etc. thereby improving the design and usability [4].
- e) System testing: It is considered as more limited type of testing that seeks to detect any defects within the software units that are integrated together. It is also a black box testing which is used to evaluate the system compliance against a stipulated requirement.
- f) Acceptance Testing: It is a kind of black box testing which is done by the user to authenticate the business requirement conformance and the readiness of a product, service or system as part of a quality assessment measures. The user has no knowledge of the internal working of the system, so it is done upon the completion of the projects prior to handling over by the developers to the clients or users [5]. The objective is to give utmost assurance of running an error free system with maximal reliability and efficiency.



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#### III. SOFTWARE TESTING TOOLS

Software testing tools are series of tools used for error detection. It is always a good practice to introduce them as early as possible in the software development lifecycle (SDLC). The tools are used to automate certain tasks, improve testing efficiency and discover issues that might be difficult to find using manual review alone. They inspect behavior of a program on a finite set of test cases (a set of inputs, execution, preconditions, and expected outcomes developed for a particular objective, such as to exercise a particular program path or to verify compliance with a specific requirement, for which valued inputs always exist). The software testing tool should meet an organization short and long term goals. In this research; the testing tools were chosen for their crucial roles played in various automated organizational sectors across the nation, with their quality assurance consideration.

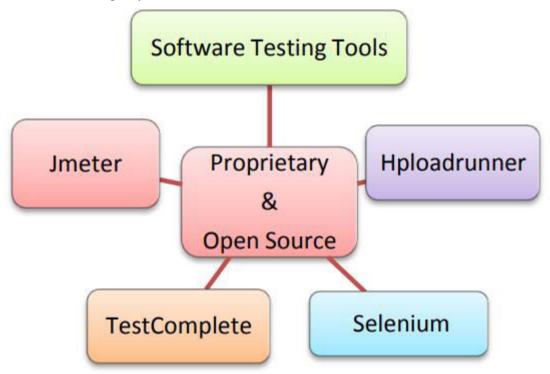


Fig. 2: SOFTWARE TESTING TOOLS

- 3.1 Proprietary Software Test Automation Tools (PSTAT) Proprietary Software Test Automation Tools are Commercial software's developed by companies which require licenses to be purchased. Some of the top emerging proprietary software include HP, IBM, Oracle, Microsoft etc. It provides access to the software code to those users who had purchased the license or procured an agreement to use it.
- 3.2 Open Source Test Automation Tools (OSSTAT) Open Source Software Test Automation tool is an emerging market with companies offering testing tools free of cost and the Source code of the tools are available for modification/customization. Support is also available for these tools from Open Source development community.
- 3.3 Web, Mobile & Functional Testing Tools It is a type of testing which verifies that each function of the software application and operation are in conformance with the requirement specification. This testing involves checking of User Interface, APIs, Database, security, client/ server applications and functionality of the Application under Test. The coverage tools are (Selenium and Test Complete).
- 3.3.1 Selenium Selenium is an open-source software automation tool developed by Apache 2.0 license, which supports different types of testing in web applications. It is not just a single tool but it consists of four tools: Selenium IDE, Selenium RC, Selenium Web driver and Selenium Grid. Selenium perform tests like functional and regression and



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possess the potential of generating test scripts in programming languages like C#, Groovy, Java, Perl, PHP etc. Their tests can run on fire-fox web browsers with Windows, Linux, and OS X platforms. It can be also integrated with various frameworks to provide a hybrid framework, which makes the testing simpler.

- 3.3.2 Test Complete Test Complete is a functional automated testing platform developed by Smartbear and operates with test projects and project suites. Tests can be recorded, scripted or manually created with keyword driven operations and used for automated playback and error logging. It is used to create and automate different software test types for different applications. It has a flexible architecture and used for functional testing, database testing, data driven testing. It basically comprises of three modules and each module contains functionality for creating automated tests on that specific platform
- 3.4 Load Testing Tools Load testing is the computation of the device with respect to its response. It is performed to determine a system's behavior under both normal and predicted peak load conditions. The respective open and commercial coverage tool are (JMeter and HP LoadRunner).
- 3.4.1 JMeter JMeter is an open source java application testing tool developed by "Apache Software Foundation (ASF)". It is used to load test client/server. JMeter is originally used for testing Web Application or FTP application. Nowadays, it is used for functional test, database server test etc. Moreover, JMeter is used in regression testing by generating test scripts and provides offline reporting of test results.
- 3.4.2. Hp Load Runner LoadRunner has various types of Virtual users (Vusers). Each type is designed to handle different aspects of client/server architectures. Vuser can be used in any types of combination of scenario in order to create a comprehensive client/server test. Some of the Vuser types includes: GUI (Windows and UNIX), Database (Oracle), and Web (Java).

## IV. EVALUATION STUDY

It is referred to as a benchmarking study. It involves the evaluation and comparison study analysis of the selected testing tools and techniques from multiple sources. This is simply carried out by defining a criterion to provide essential application functionality, so as to effectively assess all the tools and techniques prior to testing. In this regard, a tool can be appropriately selected with their respective techniques having satisfied the expected requirement. The tables below give the outline of the benchmarked, for the tools and techniques using some set of an established criterion.



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Criteria	Selenium	JMeter	Testcomplete	Hp load runner
Ease of Installation	Easy	Easy	Experience required.	Experienced required
Cost	Open source	Open source	Commercial	Commercial
Purpose	a suite of tools to automate web browsers across many platforms	Java application designed to load test functional behavior and measure performance	Power Up Desktop, Mobile, and Web App	used to test applications, measuring system behavior & performance under load
Application support	Web	Web	web, desktop and mobile	NET Record, Database, GUI, Virtual Users, Java, Desktop, Internet Application, and Web
Types of testing done	Load	Load, functional and regression	Unit, GUI and regression	Load and functional
Technical Support	No official technical support	No official technical support	Good technical support	Good technical support
Test result	HTML	XML, HTML and JSON	HTML, XML	HTTP/HTML
Scripting Language	Java, C#, Python, Ruby, JavaScript, PHP.	Java	VBScript JavaScript Delphi Script C++ C#	HTTP/HTML, ODBC, SQL.NET, DCOM, SAP.
Environment Support (O.S)	Windows, MAC, UNIX, LINUX	Windows, MAC and Linux	Windows only	Windows and Linux only

## V. CONCLUSION

Software testing is the basic activity of software engineering. It is an act executed on the software tools with the sole aim of detecting and debugging errors and improving software quality reliability. To achieve this objective, an appropriate techniques and tools are used by a high skilled tester/ developer expertise based on their functional requirements. In this paper, we have successfully investigated on dynamic kind of testing techniques covering the white, black and grey boxes, levels of testing and some automated testing tools (Selenium, Test Complete, JMeter and LoadRunner). Hence, an evaluation and comparative analysis has been outlined based on some selected functional criteria to provide a usable insight.

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